Vinyasa Sequencing

- •Vinyasa, is a breath initiated practice, that connects every action of our life with the intention of moving towards what is sacred, or most important to us.
- •The term Vinyasa is derived from nyasa, meaning "to place," and vi, meaning "in a special way." This indicates that we are not "throwing our bodies around" but are bringing consciousness to each movement in each moment.
- "Transitions" are what connect one posture to another in Vinyasa. They are the in-between part. What is not always appreciated is that transitions are considered postures themselves.
- •A hallmark of Vinyasa Flow classes is the variation in sequence from class to class.

Surya Namaskar A



Surya Namaskar B



Vinyasa Sequencing

Functional considerations:

•foundation and experience? use your W&A phase to assess

- establishing stabilization* and mindful mechanics especially for wrists and shoulder girdle (dissociation techniques)
- pacing principles (including stretch reflex adaptation and momentum)
- remember fatigue thresholds, release/rest phases
- tune into degree of asymmetry in sequences
- strive for functional mobility, not flexibility* (stretching isn't always the answer)
 are you in a chronic "pushing" phase*?
- •find the "rest" in postures
- skill development* in transitions (play with repetition?)
- •ample cooling phase (and discharging breath work)

Modifying vinyasa sequences:

- increasing accessibility through progression* while retaining engagement and challenge
- •apply "layering" into depth and challenge
- understanding manipulation of lever length changes*
- modifying traditional posture alignment* to accommodate structural variability

Sequencing for Beginners

Functional considerations and reminders:

- · breathing mechanics and pacing (watch for apical breathing)
- remove/reduce tension barriers* from the limbs to establish spinal "quality" (props are your gift)
- remember stretch tolerance will be low especially with fascial integration
- be attentive to fatigue thresholds (note "strength vs endurance")
- keep sequencing simple and offer repetition of key skills and foundation tools
- avoid changing planes of movement* in the hip joint when loaded
- provide ample time to explore and digest sensory input (interoception)
- playing through active and passive mobilization (retain "ownership")
- acknowledge tendencies for overreaction and "bracing"
- retain full body integration and attention (global proprioception and interoception)
- it is about the quality within the journey not the end result
- address types of sensation (tension / compression / blood flow / nerve impingement)
- risk to benefit ratio ... step up for success and maximum accessibility

Keep in mind:

- degree of esoteric content / make the experience feel relevant and support mysticism with science
- remember 3 learning styles / be prepared to move
- positive sensory feedback!
- acknowledge body variability, differences in experience (and sensation) ... permission-based practices that carry into your vocabulary
- simplify language (sanskrit and anatomy ... TRANSLATE) and limit overall input overload